## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

## **LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

- 1-3. (canceled).
- 4. (new): A method for the production of a support for a lithographic printing plate precursor that comprises:

providing on a grained aluminum support having an anodic oxide film formed thereon a layer of inorganic compound particles having a major axis larger than a pore diameter of the anodic oxide film;

treating the layer of inorganic compound particles with a treating solution capable of dissolving the inorganic compound particles, the treating solution comprising a compound containing fluorine, thereby fusing together the inorganic compound particles to form a layer of the inorganic compound; and

conducting a hydrophilic surface treatment.

- 5. (new): The method for production of a support for a lithographic printing plate precursor as claimed in claim 4, wherein the inorganic compound particles comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, TiO<sub>2</sub>, SiO<sub>2</sub> and ZrO<sub>2</sub>.
  - 6. (new): The method for production of a support for a lithographic printing plate

precursor as claimed in claim 4, wherein the layer of inorganic compound particles is provided by coating and drying an aqueous solution containing the inorganic compound particles.

- 7. (new): The method for production of a support for a lithographic printing plate precursor as claimed in claim 6, wherein the aqueous solution contains colloidal alumina particles.
- 8. (new): The method for production of a support for a lithographic printing plate precursor as claimed in claim 4, wherein the treating solution contains a metal fluoride.
- 9. (new): The method for production of a support for a lithographic printing plate precursor as claimed in claim 4, wherein the hydrophilic surface treatment is conducted with an aqueous solution containing a silicate.
- 10. (new): A support for a lithographic printing plate precursor that comprises a grained aluminum support having an anodic oxide film formed thereon and a layer of inorganic compound particles provided on the anodic oxide film, wherein a ratio of pore diameter of the layer of inorganic compound to pore diameter of the anodic oxide film is not less than 1.5; a ratio of fluorine concentration of the layer of inorganic compound to fluorine concentration of the anodic oxide film is not less than 2; and a ratio of silicon concentration of the layer of inorganic compound to silicon concentration of the anodic oxide film is not less than 2.